Customs	223,832,741.69
Internal revenue	139,881,513,92
Profits on coinage, bullion de-	
posits and assays	10,165,264,79
Sales of public lands	8,038,651.79
Fees - consular, letters-patent	
and land	3,378,063.59
Tax on National banks	1,536,087.16
Sinking-fund for Pacific railways	1,321,124.58
Customs fees, fines, penalties	210000000000000000000000000000000000000
and forfeitures	1.113,020.78
Repayment of interest by Pacific	
railways	603,764.72
Soldiers' Home, permanent fund.	592,427.25
Sales of Indian lands	446,258.19
Tax on seal skins	317,500.00
Sales of Government property	295,530.42
Immigrant fund	235,196,50
Deposits for surveying public	
lands	95,818.63
Depredations on public lands	65,434.23
Sale of condemned naval vessels.	22,582.75
Revenues of the District of Co-	
lumbia	2,523,950.60

Revenues of the District of Co-	
lumbia	2,523,950.60
Miscellaneous sources	1,584,127.15
Total ordinary receipts\$	397,050,058.84
The ordinary expenditure	s for the
same period were:	
Civil expenses	25,556,131.65
Foreign intercourse	1,897,625.72
Indian service	6,892,207.78
Pensions	57,624,779.11
Military octobilishment landard	110

Military establishment, includ-	
Ing rivers and harbors and ar-	44,435,270.85
Naval establishment, including vessels, machinery and im-	41,100,210.50
provements at navy yards Miscellaneous expenditures, in- cluding public buildings, light- houses and collecting the rev-	21,378,839.31
enues Expenditures of District of Co-	47,951,637.57
lumbla.	5,248,009.92
Interest on the public debt	41,001,484,29

Total ordinary expenditures.	281,396,615.60
Leaving a surplus of	

Leaving a net surplus for the\$ 57,470,129.59

TRAGEDY AT BUTLER.

idly Encounter Between a Town Mar-

shal and Deputy United States Marshal BUTLER, Mo., Dec. 5.—The most terrible tragedy which has ever taken place in this city was enacted Tuesday night, at ten o'clock, at the residence of City Marshal J. H. Morgan, and by which Deputy United States Marshal J. P. Willis, as well as Morgan, lost their lives.

On Monday Willis was on the streets drunk and quarrelsome, and finally attacked Captain J. W. Hannah, who, after some parleying, knocked him down with a cane. Soon after this Marshal Morgan put him in the cooler from which he was released a couple of hours afterwards, upon giving bond to keep the peace and to appear for trial on Saturday next.

Tuesday morning Willis, with S. P. Francisco, left for Kansas City, where it transpires that Willis swore out a warrant for Morgan and Hannah, charging them with obstructing a Unite States officer in the discharge of his duties.

They returned at ten o'clock at night. accompanied by S. S. Price, an agent of a building and loan association, of Washington, D. C. Willis and Price went at once to the residence of Morgan and called him to the door and told him they had come for him.

Both fired their guns at almost the same instant, and both shots penetrated the bowels of the other. Willis and Price then grabbed Morgan, drew him from the house and Willis beat him brutally about the head and also fired two or three additional shots into his then prostrate body. The neighborhood was aroused and both wounded men were carried to the house. Four shots were gone from Willis' revolver and one from Morgan's. Price was conveyed to jail where he will likely remain for some time. Morgan died at 1:30 and Willis at four o'clock.

HONOR FOR BREWER.

The Kansas Judge Appointed Associate
Justice of the Supreme Bench.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The Presi-

dent yesterday sent to the Senate the name of David J. Brewer, of Kansas, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Judge David Josiah Brewer was born in Smyrna, Asia Minor, June 30, 1837. At the time of his birth his father, Rev. Josiah Brewer, was a missionary to the Greeks in Turkey. Judge Brewer is related to a dis-

tinguished family. His mother Amelia A. Field Brewer, was a sister of David Dudley and Cyrus W. Field. He inherited both from his father and mother the instincts of culture, and educa-tional advantages of a high order contributed to their development.

Judge Brewer graduated from Yale College in 1856 and completed his law studies at the Albany law school in 1858. He located in Leavenworth in 1859 and has resided there ever since.

He has held many positions of public trust in Kansas, and always with honor to himself and his constituents. In 1864 he was elected judge of the dis-trict court of the First judicial district of the State of Kansas. In 1870 he was elected Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of Kansas, which position he held until 1884, when he resigned and was appointed United States Judge of the Eighth circuit.

Earthquake in New Hamp

DOVER, N. H., Dec. 5.—Early Tues-day morning the inhabitants of Alton Bay were awakened by an earthquake k which jarred the houses. Many ple rushed from their beds. Crockery and glassware were broken. Clocks were stopped at 1:29. A second shock was more severe than the first. People then rushed from their houses, exg they would tumble down. The hell on the steamer Mount Washington in the middle of the bay was rung. The shock was also felt at Alton and Gilford, but not so severe.

A THIEVING OFFICIAL.

he Cashier to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the National House of Representatives Absconds With \$72,000-Probably Gene to Join the Canadian Colony.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.-From present appearances Edward Silcott, cashier of the sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives, has fled, carrying off \$72,000 of the funds entrusted to his

Silcott was a trusted man who came here from Ohio, and was appointed by Mr. Leedom when that gentleman assumed office six years ago. He had good business qualifications and soon possessed himself of the unlimited confidence of his superior.

Last Saturday he notified Mr. Leedom that he was going to New York and would be back Saturday night. A message was received from him dated New York Monday morning saying that he had been detained but would return Monday night. A similar message reached his wife in this city.

As he did not appear Tuesday Mr. Leedom was fearful that he had been overtaken by some accident, but to satisfy rising suspicions began an investigation. The information that Silcott had drawn his bank balance deepened the suspicions and the inquiry was pursued. The enormous office safe could not be opened at the moment, as Silcott had the combination, but when an entrance was finally effected it was found that some \$30,000, set apart for the use of the paying teller was intact.

The next inquiry was made at the Treasury Department and Mr. Leedom was stunned by the result. He was informed that Silcott had called there Saturday and had drawn about \$72,000. It was possible for him to draw this large sum without exciting comment. as he had for a long time been charged with the duty of collecting the money with which the salaries of the Representatives are paid.

Silcott is under bonds in the sum of \$50,000, his bondsmen numbering about fifteen persons. This is, however, an indemnity bond given to the sergeantat-arms and Mr. Leedom, who is himself bonded in the sum of \$50,000, is directly responsible for the shortage.

Mr. Leedom says that he would have trusted Silcott to any sum of money. Mr. Leedom says that it was within Silcott's power to carry off not less than \$150,000 instead of the \$72,000 which is missing. It was suggested by a person that to standing near have carried off the balance would have changed the nature of the crime from embezzlement to theft and have subjected the perpetrator to extradition, even in Canada, whither it is already

rumored the missing man has fled. It is stated that Mr. Leedom was victimized once before by the immediate predecessor of Silcott, but to an amount insignificant in comparison with his present loss.

JEFFERSON DAVIS DEAD.

Death of the Noted Confederate Leader— Sketch of His Life.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 6 .- Jefferson Davis died at 12:45 o'clock this morning at the residence of his friend, J. U. Payne. From the beginning of his fatal illness Mr. Davis had insisted that



his case was nearly or quite hopeless, though the dread of pain or fear of death never appeared to take the slightest hold upon his spirits, which were brave and even loyant from th beginning of his at-

tack. In vain did the doctors strive JEFFERSON DAVIS. to impress upon him that his health was improving. He steadily insisted that there was no improvement, but with Christian resignation he was content to ac-

cept whatever Providence had in store After death the face of the deceased though looking slightly emaciated, showed no trace of suffering, more nearly resembling that of a peaceful sleeper than of the dead.

BIOGRAPHICAL

Jefferson Davis was born June 3, 1908, in
that part of Christian County, Ky., which
now forms Todd County, and soon after his
birth his father removed to Mississippi and settled near Woodville, Wilkinson County Jefferson Davis received an academical ed Jenerson Davis received an academical education, and was sent to Transylvania College, Kentucky, which he left in 1824, having been appointed by President Monroe a cadet in the Military Academy at West Point, where he graduated in 1829.

e graduated in 1828. In 1845 he was elected a Representative to Congress, and took his seat in December of that year. In August, 1847, he was appointed by the Governor of Mississippi United States Senator to fill a vacancy, and at the ensuing session of the State Legislature, January 11, 1848, was unanimously elected to the same office for the residue of the term, which ex-pired March 4, 1851. In 1850 he was re-elected for the ensuing fell term.

pred states 4, 1851. In 1850 he was re-elected for the ensuing full term.

In September, 1851, he was nominated for Governor of Mississippi by the Democratic party in opposition to Henry 8. Foote, the candidate of the Union party. He resigned his seat in the Senate on accepting the nomination, and was beaten in the election by a majority of 989 votes.

by a majority of 39 votes.

In 1853 he was appointed by President Pierce Secretary of War, which post he held until the inauguration of President Buchan-

until the inauguration of President Buchan-an in 1857. On his retirement from the War Department he re-entered the Senate for the term ending March 4, 1853. On February 4, 1861, the Confederate Con-gress met at Montgomery, organized a pro-visional Government for the seceeded States, and on the 9th, by unanimous vote elected Jefferson Davis President of the Confederate States of America.

Emin Pasha Fatally Injured.

ZANZIBAR, Dec. 6 .- After enduring the hardships of many years of residence in the interior of Africa and the fatigues and dangers of his journey to the sea it has been the fate of Emin Pasha to receive an injury which is likely to result in his death. The Pasha is very nearsighted and habit-ually wears glasses. Yesterday he at-tempted to go about his room without them and unconsciously walked out of a window, falling some distance to the gotten one of the greatest poets of modern fracturing his skull and inflicting fatal injuries.

Telegraph.

USEFUL AND SUGGESTIVE.

-For burns use lime water, olive oil and glycerine, equal parts, applied on lint.

—To bring back the bloom to your cheeks, let your food be of a simple na-ture, and take plenty of outdoor exer-

-For a good liniment for use in the case of swelled joints in rheumatism, take of soap-liniment one ounce and of tincture of opium one drachm; mix and rub in freely.

-To take marking ink out of linen. saturate the spot with cyanuret of potassium applied with a camel's hair brush. After the ink disappears, wash the spot thoroughly in cold water.

-In procuring bulbs for outdoor planting it should be remembered that the single tulips are the earliest to flower and are therefore generally preferred; the double-early are, however, not much later and are very handsome on the lawn

-A good way to dry corn is to make a frame of four pieces of lath, and tack a piece of white muslin on it, as a quilt is tacked to a quilting frame. Suspend this about three feet above the stove by strings or wires reaching from the cor ner of the frame to the ceiling, and spread the corn on it.—Housekeeper.

-A Breakfast or Lunch Dish .- Pick up one teacupful of codfish quite fine, let it soak in lukewarm water, while you mix two cups of mashed potatoes with one cup of sweet milk, two eggs, a lump of butter the size of an egg, and pepper. Squeeze the fish from the water mix all together thoroughly and bake in a buttered dish for twenty minutes or half an hour.

-Boiled Cider Apple Sauce.-Six quarts of peeled and quartered sweet apple, one pint of molasses, one and one-half pints of boiled cider, one-half pint of water. Put all together in a preserving kettle, cover closely and simmer gently three hours. Do not lift the cover and it will not burn if the fire is right, but turn out red, rich and delicious.-Household.

-White merino underclothing, when past wearing, make excellent wash-rags and cleaning cloths, and nothing makes better holders for either ironing or use about the stove than east off woolen hosiery covered with a thick drilling. It is a good plan to make the covers for iron-holders of white drilling in the form of a bag, then they can be slipped off and washed when soiled

-There is nothing to compare with the tincture or a strong infusion of capsicum annum mixed with an equal bulk of mucilage of gum arabic and with the addition of a few drops of glycerine for a "black eye," according to the Pharma-ceutical Era. This should be painted all over the bruised surface with a camel's hair pencil and allowed to dry on, a second or third coating being applied as soon as the first is dry. If done as soon as the injury is inflicted this treatment will invariable prevent the blackening of the bruised tissue.

ABSINTHE DRINKING.

Origin of the Vice in France and its Wide Prevalence.

There seems to be no doubt that absinthe as a cordial was largely made by the old French confiseurs, who were ex perts in the science of distillation; but it was only when used as a flavor to other beverages, and does not seem to have become a common potation until about the beginning of the reign of Louis Phillippe. The balance of evidence, so far as it is obtainable, would seem to show that the Algerian campaign, in the days when the Princes of the Orleans family were fighting so bravely in North Africa, and when the favorite song of the French troops was great deal to do with the popularization of absinthe among military men. The operations of war had to be carried out not only under a burning sun, but in all seasons, at all hours, and very often on marshy ground. The men were exposed to continual fatigue, and nothing is more probable than that some skillful and kindly military surgeon, observing the ravages made by brandy on the health of the troops in such a climate as that of Algeria, prescribed as a stimulant diluted absinthe. The soldiers may have made wry faces at first at a beverage which to the uninitiated taste very like "doctor's stuff," but with disastrous celerity they soon grew to like it and to drink it in excess.

From a camp tonic dispensed to recruit exhausted strength, and which in the beginning may have been as beneficent as the eucalyptus cordial served out to the laborers in the Roman Campagna, absinthe became the favorite pick-meup in the Algerian cafes. It soon r crossed the Mediterranean, left its trac at Marseilles and Toulon, and with te rible quickness became domiciled Paris. It seized, so to speak, upon the people just as gin did on the Londo populace early in the eighteenth ce tury, and has never since released i dreadful grip. We had positively pass an act of Parliament in George II. time to diminish the number of gi shops, and to restrict the consumptic of the poison by placing largely in creased excise duties upon it. neighbors have not yet seen fit to pas any law tending to suppress, or even restrict, the sale of absinthe. The de eterious stuff has absolutely been allow ed to adulterate the French language Modern dictionaries have not scruple to admit the verb "absinther," to "al sinthiate," and "s'absinther," which to swill or gorge one's self with a sinthe; then an absinthe drunkard called an "absintheur"; and there even an aphorism current in the brass ries: "If thou hesitatest, absinthiat hyself." Poetry, finally, has been ressed into the darkly fascinating se vice of this maleficent herb. Absinth has been called, from its half-verdan half opalescent hue, the "Fairy wit the Green Eyes." Infinitely baleful pernicious, fatal has that green-eyed fairy been to tens of thousands of Frenchmen, gentle and simple, lettered and unlettered; nor among the victims of the seductive poison should be for-HOGS-Good to choice......

CATARRE.

Catarrhal Deafness-Hay Fever-A New

Home Treatment.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result of this discovery is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby Catarrh, Hay Fever and Catarrhal Deafness are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks.

N. B.—This treatment is not a snuff or an ointment; both have been discarded by reputable physicians as injurious. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of three cents in stamps to pay postage by A. H. Dixon & Son, cor. of John and King Street, Toronto, Canada.—Christian Advocate.

Sufferers from Catarrhal troubles should

THERE is one point in favor of the man that laughs at his own jokes. You are never in doubt as to whether he intended to be funny.—Terre Haute Express.

be funny.—Terre Haute Express.

Tis sad to see a woman growing old before her time All broken-down and hopeless when life should hold its prime:
She feels herself a burlen when a blessing she should be and longs for death to bring her rele ase from misery.

If these poor, discouraged women who suffer from diseases peculiar to women could only know that health could be regained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, how eagerly they would hasten to avail themselves of it. They ought to know it, and try it. Every woman who is still healthy ought to be told about the wonderful virtue in this medicine, and understand that it is a safeguard against the terrible diseases common to her sex. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction or money paid for it will be refunded.

CLEANSE the liver, stomach, bowels and whole system by using Dr. Pierce's Pellets.

WHEN a Spaniard comes to America and gets to prefer a beer garden to a bull fight, he is said to be on the road to a higher civ-ilization.—Texas Siftings. A \$2.50 Paper for \$1.75.

A \$2.50 Paper for \$1.76.

The Youth's Companion gives so much for the small amount that it costs it is no wonder it is taken already in nearly Half a Million Families. With its fine paper and beautiful illustrations, its Weekly Illustrated Supplements, and its Double Holiday Numbers, it seems as if the publishers could not do enough to please. By sending \$1.75 now you may obtain it free to January, and for a full year from that date to January, 1891. Address, The Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass.

It's very monotonous to be rich, but there is a variety about being poor that sometimes makes one weary.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To The Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post-office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., ISI Pearl street, New York.

WITH its yellow, green and blue plumes, the new Brazilian bird of freedom must be a compromi e between a paroquet and a peacock.—Baltimore American.

G. M. Scorr, of Okolona, Miss., wrote to Dr. Shallenberger:

"Your Antidote for Malaria is certainly
the best thing for chills and fever that has
ever been sold in the South. I have been
selling it for twelve years, and know it to be
the best medicine I have ever dealt in. It is perfectly harmless, and a sure cure in every case. Sold by Druggista.

"The human race is a great one," said he.
"Yes," said the widow to whom he was engaged; "I am now on the second lap."—N.
Y. Su.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers, Mild, equableclimate, certain and abundant crops. Best fruit, grain, grass, stock country in the world. Full information free. Address Oregon Immigration Board, Portland, Oregon

THERE are only a few certainties in the world. One of them is the mother; you can always depend upon her.

Use Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs, Colds and all other Throat Troubles. "Pre-eminently the best." — Rec. Henry Ward Beecher.

MERCURY had wings on his pedal extremi-ties. The inference is that he had soar feet.

Ringhamton Republican My friend, look here! you know how weak and nervous your wife is, and you know that Carter's Iron Pills will relieve her. Now why not be fair about it and buy her a box!

POLICEMEN never commit crimes, and they are rather slow in the commitment of criminals.—N. O. Picayune.

Actors, Vocalists, Public Speakers praise Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

MARRIAGE never will be a failure till bach-dors' buttons cease to come off. Any one can take Carter's Little Liver Pills, they are so very small. No trouble to swallow. No pain or griping after taking.

A DISPETE over the coal bill is likely to be

No Opium in Piso's Cure for Consumption

THE GENERAL MARKETS.

CATTLE-S

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 9.

	CATTLE-Shipping steers	3 20	1 100	
-9				
es				
r-	HOGS-Good to choice heavy			
in	WHEAT-No. 2 red			
-	No. 2 nard		346	
he	CORN-No. 2		44.0	
n	OATS-No. 2			
n-	RYE-No. 2	35	40	3612
ts	FLOUR-Patents, per sack	1 85	a	2 00
331	Fancy	1 45		
to	HAY-Baled			
8	BUTTER-Choice creamery			
n-	CHEESE-Full cream			
n	EGG8-Choice	17		
	BACON-Hams			
n-	Shoulders		æ	642
ır	Sides			
88	LARD	- 6	20	69
to	POTATOES	20		40
	ST. LOUIS.			
1-	CATTLE-Shipping steers	4 20		4 75
¥-	Butchers' steers	4 00		4 50
e.	HOGS-Packing			3 70
d	SHEEP-Fair to choice	3 60		4 90
	FLOUR-Choice	3 50		4 35
b-	WHEAT-No. 2 red			79%
is	CORN-No. 2	271		27%
b-	OATS-No 2	294		
is	RYE-No. 2	41		4236
350	BUTTER-Creamery	20		23
is	PORK	00 00		10 25
9-	CHICAGO.	2000	0.75	
e	CATTLE-Shipping steers	3 90		4 80
n	HOGS-Packing and shipping			
	SHEEP-Fair to choice			5 00
-	FLOUR-Winter wheat			4 50
e	WHEAT-No. 2 red	780		78%
t.	CORN-No. 2	31		3114
h	OATS-No. 2	201		20%
_	RYE-No. 2	44		444
1,	DITTED Creamen	10	-	23
d	PORK	9 50	-	9 60
83	1 V 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	- 90	-	- 00

NEW YORK.

on to prime.

The pleasant effect and the perfect safety with which the ladies may use the liquid fruit laxative. Syrup of Figs, under all conditions make it their favorite remedy. It is pleasing to the eye and to the taste, gentle, yet effectual in acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

STRANGE as it may appear, it is when the fall comes that trade takes a rise.—Boston Courier.

PURE soap is white. Brown soaps are adulterated with rosin. Perfume is put in to hide the presence of putrid fat. Dobbins' Ricctric Soap is pure, white and unscented. Has been sold since 1865. Try it now.

Tue statesman in his eagle flights of ora-tory simply spreads his opinions. The old smoker's delight - "Tansill's Punch" America's finest 5c cigar.

A RARE opportunity to make \$500.00 before Christmas. Address with ref. Gast, St. Louis. Ir afflicted with Sore Eyes use Dr. Isaac hompson's Eye Water, Druggists sell it 25c



Relieves and cures | HEADACHE. RHEUMATISM, Toothache, Sprains, NEURALGIA,

Sciatica, Lumbago. | Burns and Scalds.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltim

BRUISES,

Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick

Headache, Biliousness And all diseases arising from a Torpid Liver and Bad Digestion. The natural result is good appetite and solid flesh. Dose small; elegant-ly suar coated and easy to swallow.



W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass. CREAM BALM HATEVER OF

there were great sores n my nose, one place ous eaten through. Two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm did the cork My nose and head are well. C.S. Mc Millen, Sibley, Mo. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and i able. Price 10 cents at druggists; by mail, re-socents. ELY BROTHERS, is Warren St., New MADE WITH BOILING WATER.

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.

THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY PRICE 250 Salvation Oil "Hille all Pain.

HAVE YOU | BLUES EXISTENCE. Pic

MePIKE & POX, ATCHISON, KANSAS.

THE GREAT CHRISTMAS WIDE AWAKE

The Plain Truth

Is that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured thousands of people who suffered severely with rheumatism. It neutralizes the lactic acid in the blood, which causes those terrible pains and aches, and also vitalizes and enriches the blood, thus proventing the recurrence of the disease. These facts warrang us in unging you, if you suffer with sheamatism, to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

"I had rheumatism so that when I sat or laid down I could hardly get up. Hood's Sarsaparilla has almost cured me." P. CARNES, Galion, O. N. B.—If you make up your mind to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be induced to take any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla old by all druggists. \$1: six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar



The best Embber BOOTS and SHOES to WALES Goodyear,





FREE GENUINE SOLID GOLD WATCH FREE to the first ly naming the shortest verse in the Bible and in ing 14 two-cent stamps for our valuable; giving full description how to make Huncre-Beautiful and inexpensive Holinay Presents. E and Useful Articles for the Home, Fancy Work

CATARRH PILES! FISTULA

S65 a MONTH AND BOARD PAID. or highest commission and 30 Days. P. W. ZI EGI. ER&CO., Old Market al. St. Louis, Mo-NAME HIS PAPER copy may plurible.

55 to \$8 a day. Samples worth \$2.15 FREE. Lines not under burses' frest, Write HUNNERS RESERVER IN HOLDER CO., Helly, Rich.

FARMS AND MILLS SOLD and Exchanged. Free Catalogue R. CEAFFIN & CO., Richmond, Va.

YOUNG MEN Learn Telegraphy and Balton I good Stundions. Write J. D. EROWN Schale, Mc. CHARL THE PARK THE CONTROL OF The PRINCIPAL AND THE CONTROL OF THE PARK THE PAR PENSIONS DUE ALL SOLDIERS, if ig disabiled; pay, etc.; De-serters relieved Laws free, w Metoralica a No. Chemistal, 0. A washingle, B.C.

ACENTS STANLEY'S EXPLORATIONS IN WANTED STANLEY'S Africa. New Book.

STUDY. Book keeping, l'enmanship, Arith metic, Shorthand, etc., thuroughly taughi mars free Bayant's college, Earle X.Y.

A GENTS WANTED! PAMOUS MISSOURI STEAM WASHER ON trial. Worth & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

ER ATTENTION OF THE PERSON WITH STATE OF THE P

PUSH ON THE HANDLE AND THE SCREW GOES IN. 2 Sizes No. 1 St. 25, No. 2 St. 60 DISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is ertain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

